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New PCT National Phase Application Docket No. 32860-000904/US

IN THE CLAIMS

This is a complete and current listing of the claims, marked with status identifiers in parentheses. The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for influencing combustion processes of fuels, comprising:

usingin which at least one electric means are device used for at least one of guiding and/or changing a flame, the flame being subjected to the action of an electric field; and

limiting charge carrier transport, from at least one of the flame to and at least one of the field-producing electrodes to at least the other of the flame and at least one of the field-producing electrodes, or vice versa being limited by the fact that the flame and the electrode are separated from each other, characterized in that, in order to separate flame and electrode, using an ion-conducting material is used, charge carrier transport from the flame to at least one of the field producing electrodes or vice versa being limited.

- (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, 2. wherein material and geometry of the ion-conducting material being are chosen such that a dependent transition from the insulating to the takes place a result of ion conductive state as conductivity remaining conduction, the permissible values in the conductive state.
- (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the conductivity being is limited in such a way

that the charge carrier transport is low and the current through the flame does not exceed permissible values.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the charge carrier transport being is kept so low that, during the combustion process, the occurrence of independent, in particular high current, discharges, for example of an arc, is prevented.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, claim 1, wherein the charge carrier transport being is limited in such a way that thermoacoustic emissions are reduced.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the fuel used is a pre-mixed gas.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A device for carrying out the method as claimed in claim 1, comprising:

or one of claims 2 to 6, by using at least one of stabilizing and/or pollutant-reducing means device for influencing the flame during the combustion process, the means device having including field-producing electrodes, and at least one of the electrodes being separated from the flame by an insulating material enclosure, characterized in that the insulating material enclosure (3) consists of including an ion-conducting material, which prevents charge carriers from the flame (2) striking the electrode (7, 9).

8. (Currently Amended) The device has claimed in claim 7, characterized in that wherein the material changes to the conductive state as a result of the ion conduction at temperatures of a few 100 K.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in claim 7—and 8, characterized in that, wherein the ion-conducting material is aluminum oxide.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in claim 7, wherein wherein claim 7 and 8, characterized in that the ion-conducting material is a zirconium oxide stabilized with additives.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claimsclaim 7 to 15, characterized in that 7, wherein the electrodes (7, 9) are at a potential different from that of the first electrode (1).
- 17. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claims 7 to 16, characterized in that claim 7, wherein at least one of the electrodes (7)—rests in a positive manner from the insulating material enclosure (3).

- 20. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claims 7 to 18, characterized in that claim 7, wherein the electrodes (7, 9) form toroidal annular electrodes.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claims 7 to 20, characterized in that claim 7, wherein the electrodes (7, 9) form cylindrical electrodes.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The device has claimed in one of claims 7 to 21, characterized in that claim 7, wherein the electrodes (7, 9) are formed by at least one of films applied to the outside of the insulating material enclosure and/or bylayers produced by at least one of vapor deposition and or spraying on.

- 23. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claims 7 to 22, characterized in that claim 7, wherein the electrodes (1, 7; 1, 9; 6, 7) are connected by feed lines to a power supply unit—(8).

- 27. (Currently Amended) The device as claimed in one of claims 7 to 26, characterized in that claim 7, wherein there are sensors for at least one of the frequency and/or amplitude of combustion oscillations and/or the pollutant concentration in the waste gas stream, the frequency, amplitude and phase of the voltage applied to the electrode being controlled or regulated by at least one of a control and/or regulating device such that the combustion oscillations and the pollutant concentration are minimized.